## **Pope Paul Catholic Primary School**



## Learning in EYFS- Building Foundations in PSHE

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the National Curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The aim of this document is to show how the skills taught across EYFS feed into the PSHE national curriculum and determines which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are the prerequisite skills for the subject. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception in PSHE.

3 & 4-year-olds will be learning to:	Children in Reception will be learning to:	ELG

- Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen or one which is suggested to them.
- Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.
- Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.
- Show more confidence in new social situations.
- Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.
- Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.
- Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important.
- Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule.
- Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.
- Talk with others to solve conflicts.
- Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.
- Begin to understand how others might be feeling.

- · See themselves as a valuable individual.
- Build constructive and respectful relationships.
- Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.
- Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.
- Think about the perspectives of others.
- Manage their own needs.

## **Self-Regulation**

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

## **Managing Self**

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence,
- resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

			<ul> <li>Building Relationships</li> <li>Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.</li> <li>Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.</li> <li>Show sensitivity to their own and others' needs</li> </ul>
and Language	<ul> <li>Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or friend, using words as well as actions.</li> <li>Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, explain how things work and why they might happen.</li> <li>Develop social phrases.</li> </ul>	Listening, Attention and Understanding  Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teachers and peers.
Communication a			<ul> <li>Speaking         <ul> <li>Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Physical Development	<ul> <li>Starting to eat independently and learning how to use a knife and fork.</li> <li>Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed. For example, putting coats on and doing up zips.</li> <li>Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs,</li> <li>e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.</li> <li>Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing:</li> <li>‡regular physical activity</li> <li>‡healthy eating</li> <li>‡toothbrushing</li> <li>‡sensible amounts of 'screen time'</li> <li>‡having a good sleep routine</li> <li>‡being a safe pedestrian</li> <li>Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully:</li> <li>‡lining up and queuing</li> <li>‡mealtimes</li> <li>‡personal hygiene</li> </ul>	Gross Motor Skills     Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
Understanding the World	<ul> <li>Begin to make sense of their own lifestory and family's history.</li> <li>Show interest in different occupations.</li> <li>Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.</li> <li>Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about members of their immediate family and community.</li> <li>Name and describe people who are familiar to them.</li> <li>Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.</li> </ul>	Past and Present     Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society