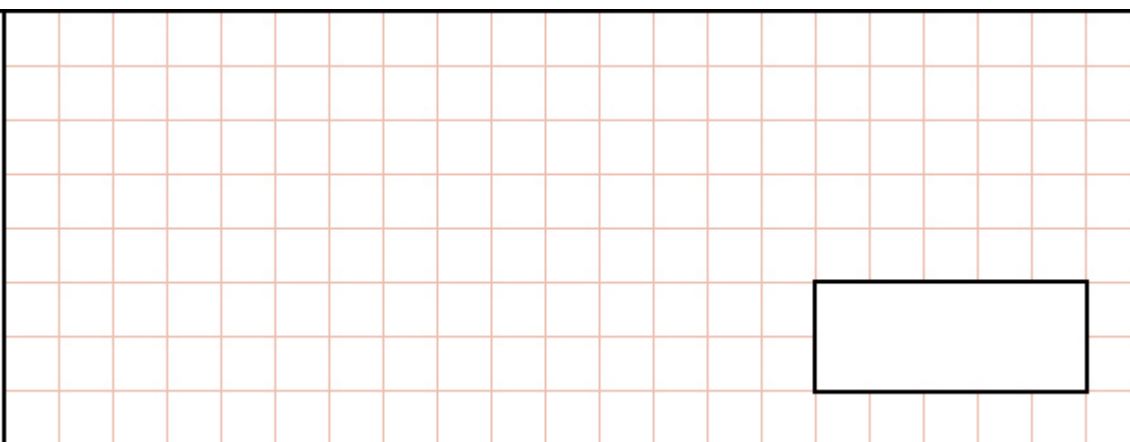


1. $1,210 \div 11 =$



1 mark

2. $17 \overline{) 714}$

Show your method	
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2 marks

3. $37 \overline{)888}$

Show your method	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 30px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
------------------------	--

2 marks

4. $28 \overline{)1652}$

Show your method	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 30px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
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2 marks

5. $59 \overline{)2242}$

Show your method	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 30px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
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2 marks

Mark schemes

1.

110

[1]

2.

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 42

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for a formal method of division with no more than **ONE** arithmetic error, i.e.

- long division algorithm, e.g.

$$\begin{array}{r} 42 \text{ r}2 \\ 17 \overline{) 714} \\ - \underline{680} \quad (40 \times 17) \\ \quad 36 \quad (\text{error}) \\ - \underline{34} \quad (2 \times 17) \\ \quad \quad 2 \end{array}$$

OR

$$\begin{array}{r} 43 \quad (\text{error}) \\ 17 \overline{) 714} \\ - \underline{680} \quad (40 \times 17) \\ \quad 34 \\ - \underline{34} \quad (2 \times 17) \\ \quad \quad 0 \end{array}$$

- short division algorithm, e.g.

$$17 \overline{) 71^2 4} \quad (\text{error in carrying digit})$$

*Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.

Up to 2m

[2]

3.Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 24If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for the formal methods of division with no more than **ONE** arithmetic error, i.e.

- long division algorithm, e.g.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 23 \text{ r}29 \\
 37 \overline{)888} \\
 \underline{- 740} \\
 140 \text{ (error)} \\
 \underline{- 111} \\
 29
 \end{array}$$

OR

$$\begin{array}{r}
 42 \text{ (error)} \\
 37 \overline{)888} \\
 \underline{- 740} \qquad 20 \times 37 \\
 148 \\
 \underline{- 148} \qquad 4 \times 37 \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

- short division algorithm, e.g.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 23 \text{ r}27 \text{ (error)} \\
 37 \overline{)88^{14}8}
 \end{array}$$

*Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of **ONE** mark.*

*Short division methods **must** be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure **must** be less than the divisor.*

Up to 2m

[2]

4.

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 59.

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for the formal method of long division, eg:

Wrong answer

$$\begin{array}{r} 28 \overline{) 1652} \\ - 140 \\ \hline 252 \\ - 252 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

*Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of **ONE** mark.*

*In all cases accept follow-through of **ONE** error in working.*

***Do not** award any marks if the final answer is missing.*

Up to 2

[2]

5.Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 38If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for a formal method of division with no more than **ONE** arithmetic error, i.e.

- long division algorithm, e.g.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 38 \text{ r}2 \\
 59 \overline{) 2242} \\
 \underline{- 1770} \quad (30 \times 59) \\
 474 \quad (\text{error}) \\
 \underline{- 472} \quad (8 \times 59) \\
 2
 \end{array}$$

OR

$$\begin{array}{r}
 35 \quad (\text{error}) \\
 59 \overline{) 2242} \\
 \underline{- 1770} \quad (30 \times 59) \\
 472 \\
 \underline{- 472} \quad (8 \times 59) \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

- short division algorithm, e.g.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 37 \text{ r}48 \quad (\text{error}) \\
 59 \overline{) 224^{47}2}
 \end{array}$$

*Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.

Up to 2m

[2]